Abolishment of Slavery

By: Jaspreet Kaur History 374-Q

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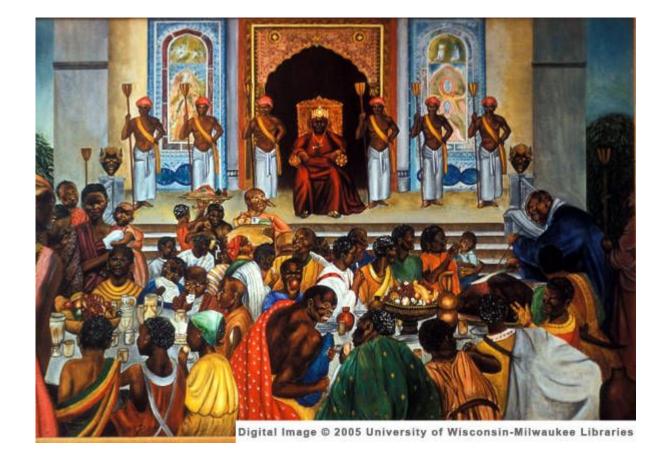
Introduction of Africa

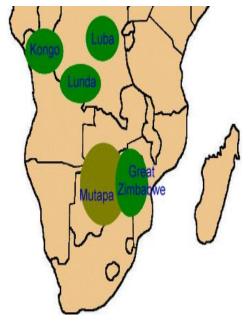
- Africa is a very beautiful continent and its civilization has ancient deep roots that go back to the 1500s before the Europeans came.
- Beautiful Culture, Music, Gold, Art, and Kingdoms.
- Around 1500-2000 languages in Africa.
- Build different Kingdoms and Civilizations
- Estimate of 3,000 tribes
- Slaves



Kingdoms

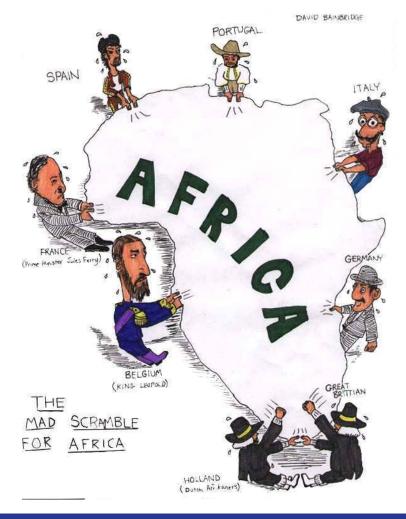
- Some kingdoms were the Axum Empire, the Kingdom of Ghana, the Mali Empire, the Songhai Empire, the Ethiopian Empire, the Mossi Kingdoms, and the Benin Empire.
- The kingdom of Ghana was so rich that its dogs wore golden collars, and its horses.
- Ghana's kings as the richest men in the world.
- Farming, iron, copper, and most gold was their living source.
- The Songhai Empire was one of the largest and lasted from as early as 700 to 1591.
- The Songhai Empire had two great kings throughout its existence, King Sunni Ali and King Askia Muhammad.





Imperialism

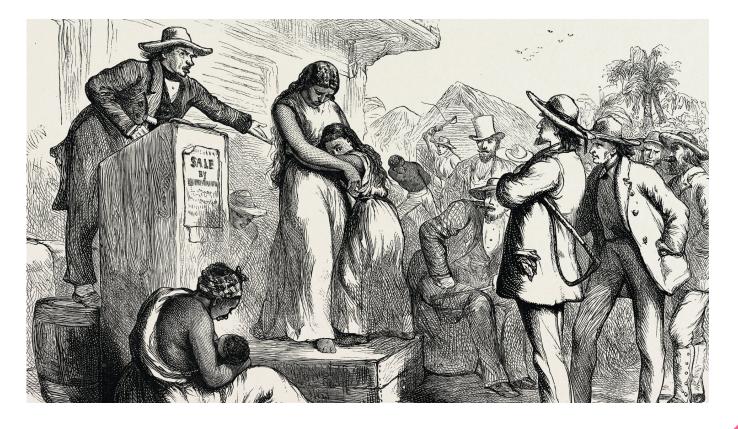
- New Imperialism that began in the 1870s, European states established vast empires mainly in Africa, but also in Asia.
- Disruption in traditional African ways of life, political organizations, and social standard.
- European-dominated hierarchies and imposed Christianity and Western ideals.
- Negative effects of imperialism such as shortage of natural resources, deaths, and diseases.
- Positive effects of Imperialism were new tools, transportation, hospitals, schools, new goods, factories, farming methods, better sanitation, and etc.
- Europeans motive behind all this which was exploring, political, economically, ethnocentric, and mainly religious.





Slavery

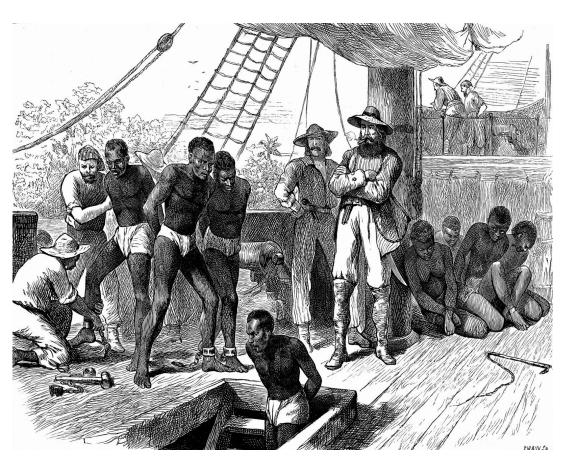
- Humans were owned by higher authorities.
- Slavery has impacted the economy, politics, and society.
- Free labor was produced.
- The women and young women were used as sex objects.
- Considered as property.
- Deprived from their human rights.
- Forcefully taken from their homeland without consent.
- Brutally beaten.



Separation between a mother and child.

Trans Atlantic Slave Trade

- Around 20 million individuals enslaved in Africa to trade using trans-Sahara between 1400 and 1900.
- Chained up naked because it stopped them from jumping overboard or causing any trouble aboard.
- Kept in the heat given little food and water, kept in no sanitary facilities.
- Many had died during their travel, and the workers would throw their bodies overboard.
- Transported the slaves to America, after that they exported sugar, rum, cotton, and tobacco to Europe that was produced by enslaved free labor.





Negative Impact of Slave Trade

- Families would be forcefully drifted apart.
- Free labor
- Millions of individuals were captured and thousands died
- Diseases
- Beaten up brutally
- Killed

Abolishment

Following the Union victory in the Civil War, slavery was made illegal in the United States and ratified in December 1865. Slavery was abolished on January 31, 1865, by Congress. The 13th amendment abolished slavery in the United States. America abolished slavery in 186, France abolished slavery in 1794. Russia abolished it in 1861.



Racism

It's very sad that today people are enslaved illegally, women and children are used for prostitution. There needs to be more strict law where slavery and



prostitution need to abolished for good for those who are doing it illegally, strict punishments need to take place. Therefore, we as human beings cannot encourage racism, it is high time for a change. The transatlantic slave trade has impacted the world in different ways as I stated previously.

Conclusion

As we know slavery has lasted for hundreds of years. And finally it was abolished by the 13th amendment. I think that it should have ended hundreds of years back. Not just that I believe it should have never existed in the first place. Slavery has been known to increase human rights violations.

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